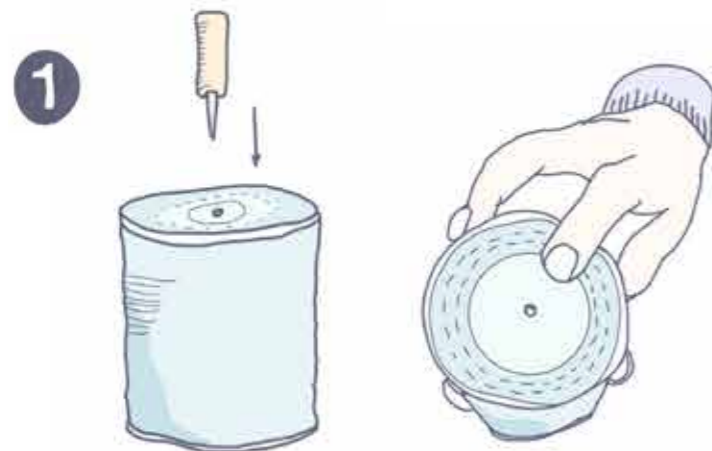
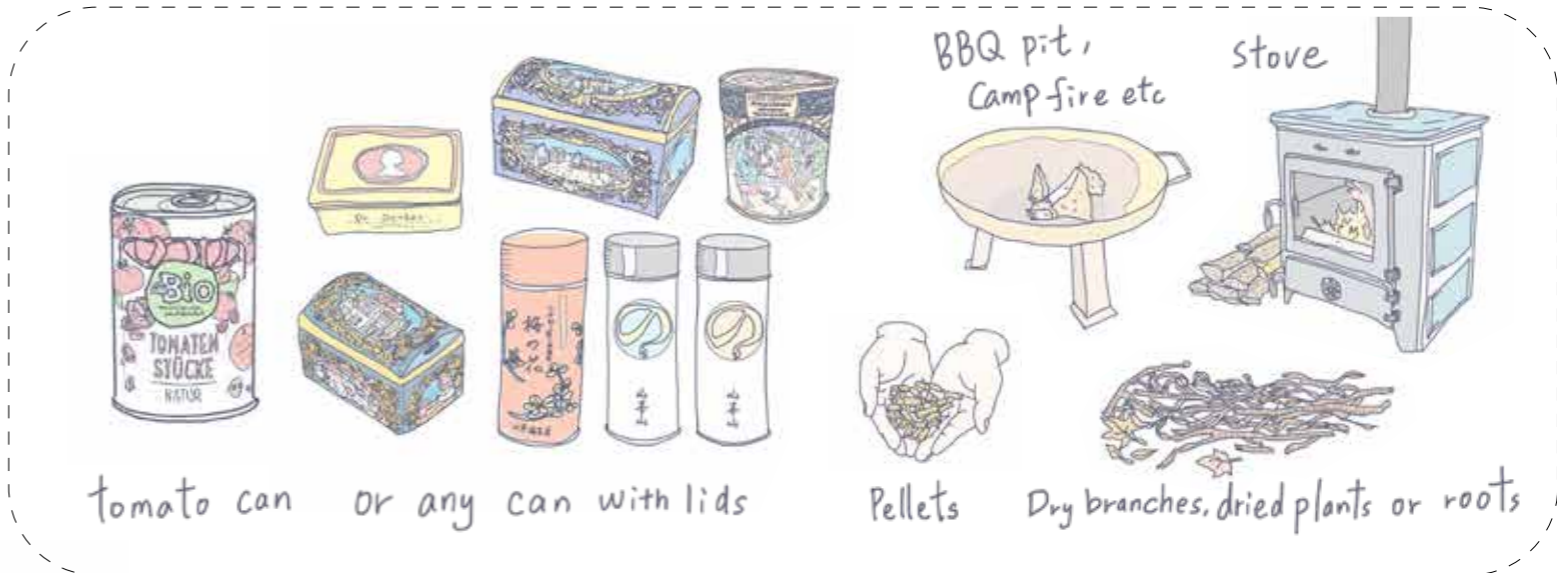


# Hands-on approach to your own biochar!

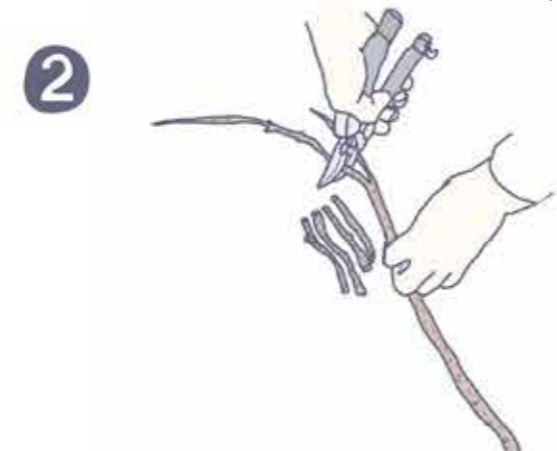
- Tomato can version

Illustration: ayumi matsuzaka

**DYCLE** [www.zukunftpflanzen.eV](http://www.zukunftpflanzen.eV)  
[www.dycle.org](http://www.dycle.org)



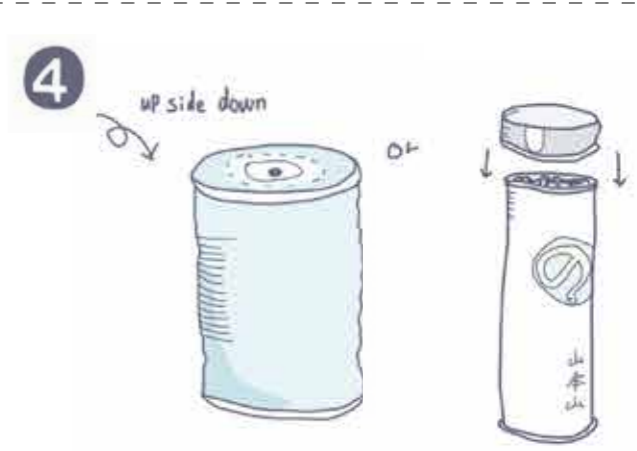
1 Drill a hole in the bottom of a can, preferably a can with a lid.



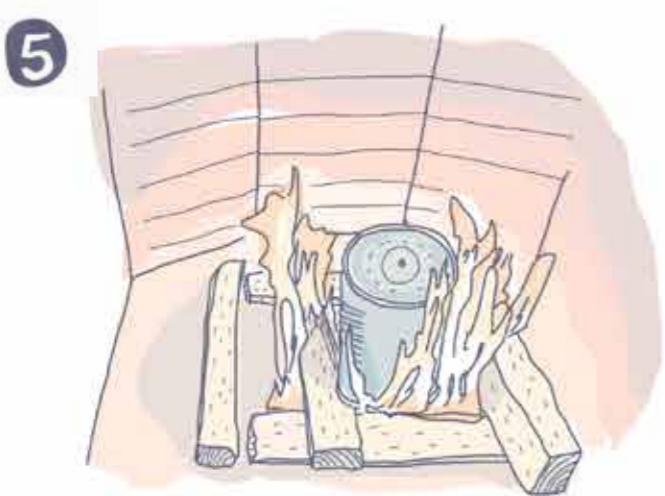
2 Cut pieces of the carbon materials to the length of the can. The carbon materials can be wood debris, dried plants or roots, for example.



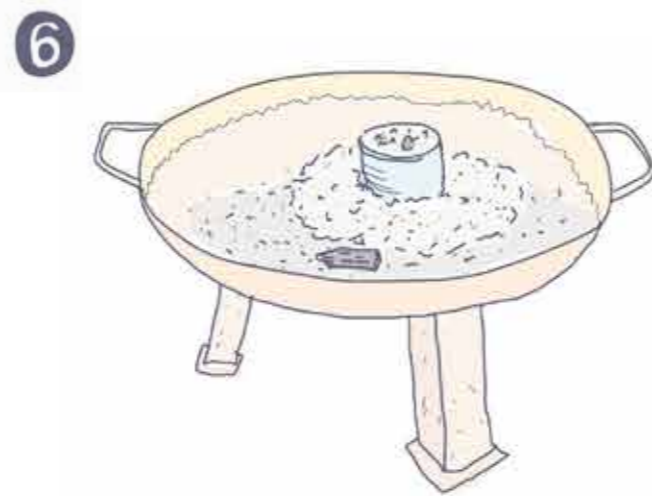
3 Insert carbon materials tightly into the can.



4 Insert carbon materials tightly into the can.



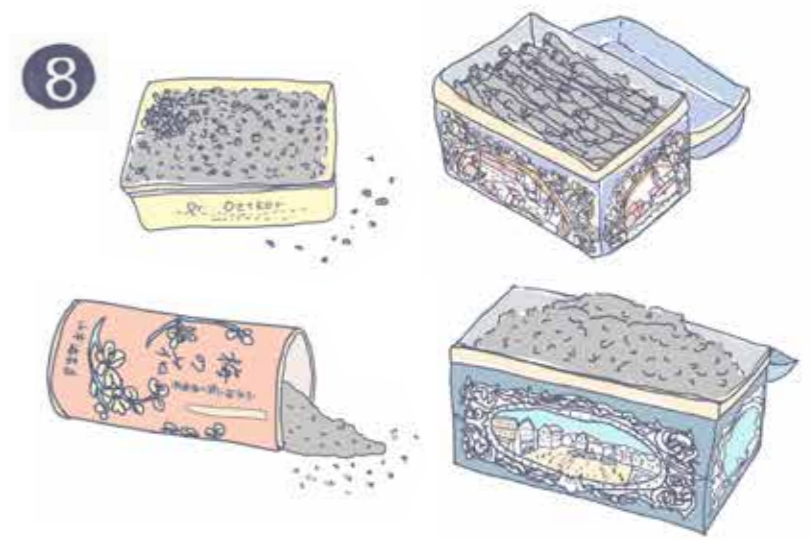
5 If the fire is weak, it can take two to three hours to complete the carbonisation process.



6 The duration may change according to the size of the can and the strength of the fire.



7 When it has cooled down, open the can.



8 Now you have biochar!